



# Biomass Readiness: The Chicken or The Egg

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Bioenergy



Geothermal Energy



Hydro Energy



Tidal Energy



Solar Energy



Wind Energy

# Renewable Energy Transition

- Driving Factors
  - Fossil fuel supplies
  - Environmental impacts
  - Changes in technology
  - Cost/Price

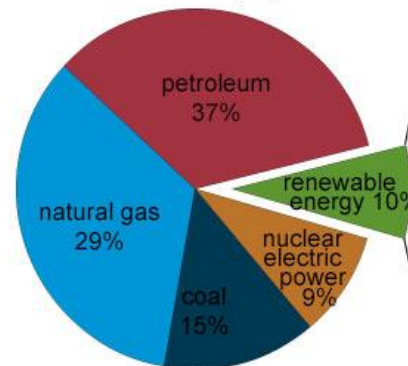
# Renewable Energy Economy

## ■ Electricity, Heating, Cooling

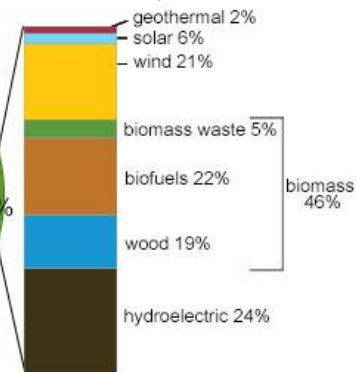
- Hydropower
- Wind
- Solar
- Geothermal
- Biomass

U.S. energy consumption by energy source, 2016

Total = 97.4 quadrillion  
British thermal units (Btu)



Total = 10.2 quadrillion Btu



biomass  
46%

Note: Sum of components may not equal 100% because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 1.3 and 10.1, April 2017, preliminary data



## ■ Transportation Fuels

- Biomass
  - Herbaceous and woody plant material

# *What can these crops be used for?*

## Sugar Crops



Sugar Beets, Sugar Cane, Sweet Sorghum

## Starch Crops



Corn, Sweetpotatoes, Wheat

## Lignocellulosic Materials



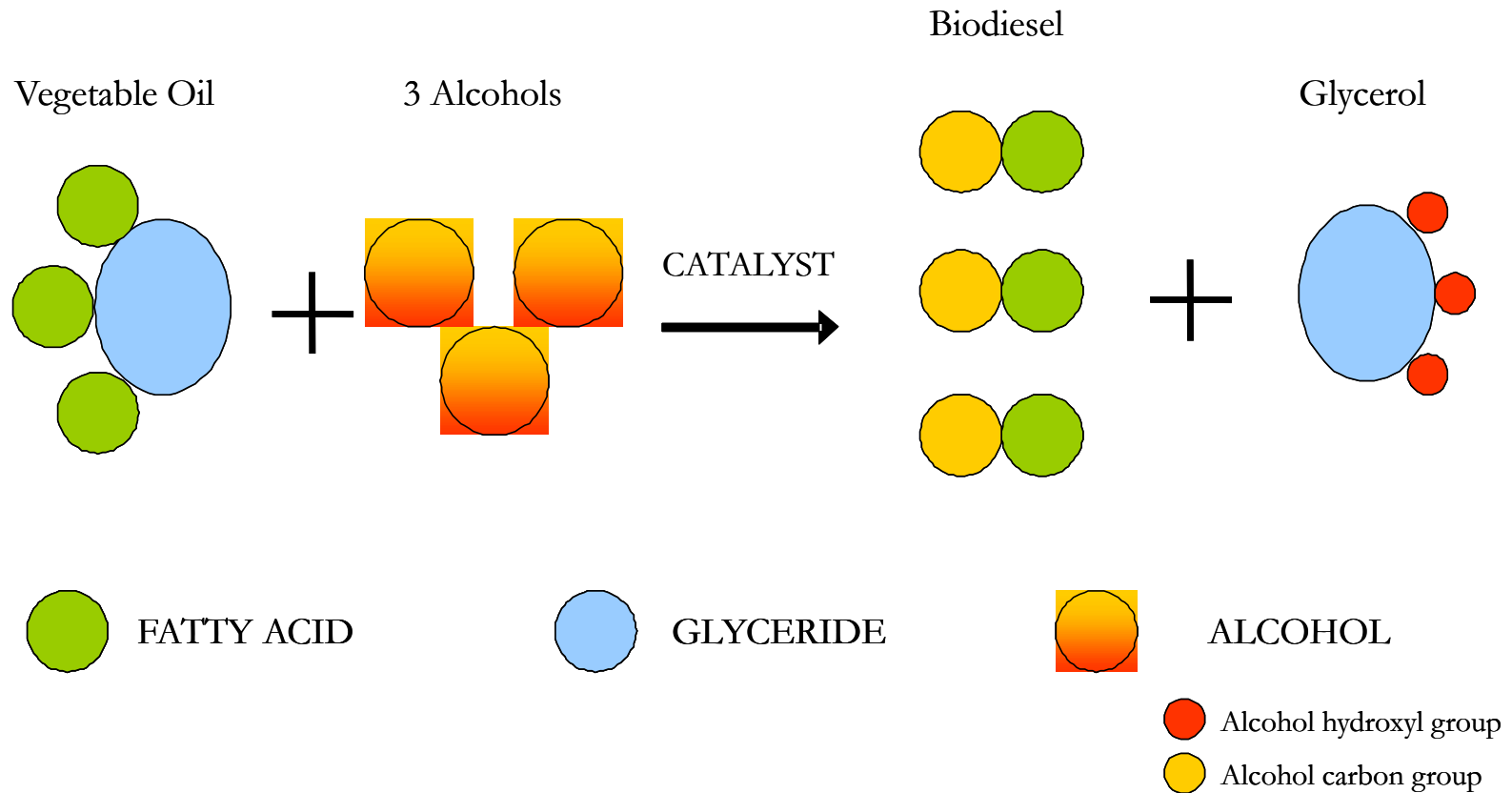
Corn Stover, Wood Fiber, Grasses

## Oil Seeds



Soybeans, Canola, Camelina

# Tranesterification for Biodiesel





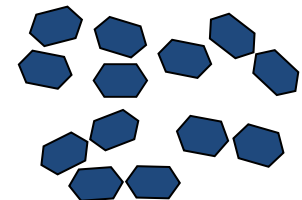
# Sugar Crop Conversion



**Strip and Press Stalks**



**Concentrated Juice Production**



**Simple sugars—  
sucrose, glucose  
and fructose**



**Fermentation & Distillation**



**Liquid Fuels**

**Animal  
Feed**



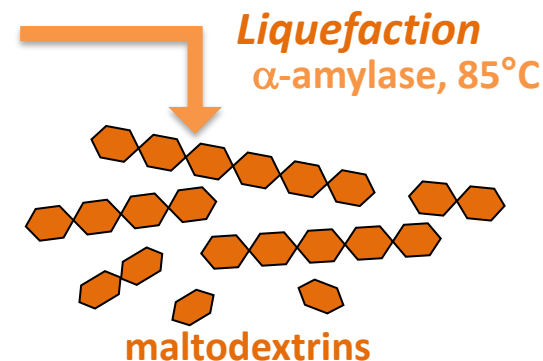
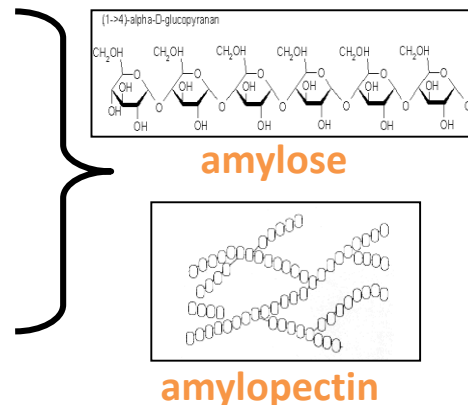
**Bagasse**

**Lignocellulosic  
Conversion**

**Renewable Bio-based Products**

*e.g. pharmaceuticals, building block  
chemicals, polymers, biofuels, heat*

# Starch Conversion Process



**Saccharification**  
glucoamylase, 55-65°C  
pullulanase, pectinase



**Fermentation**

**Pharmaceuticals**

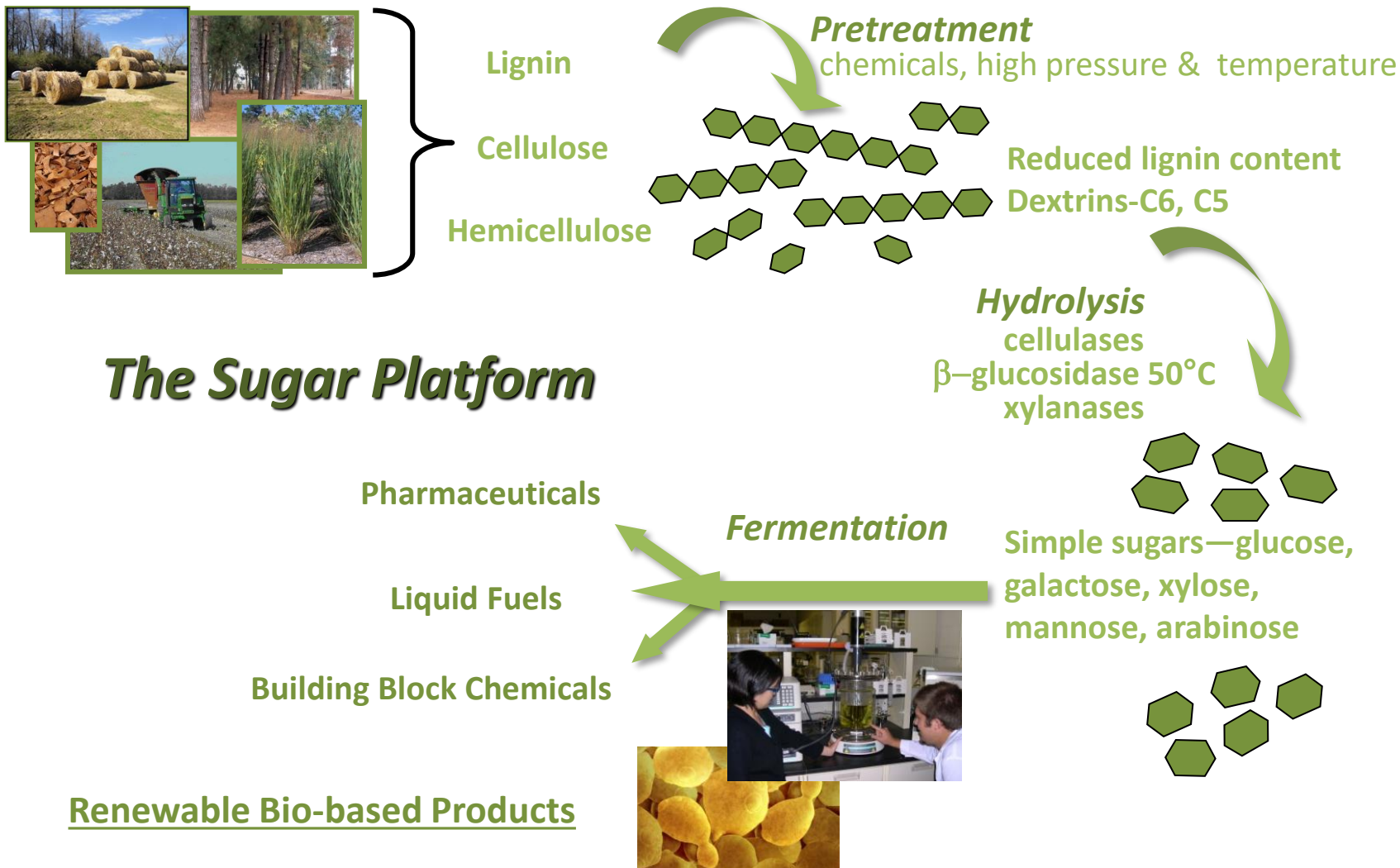
**Liquid Fuels**

**Building Block Chemicals**

**Renewable Bio-based Products**

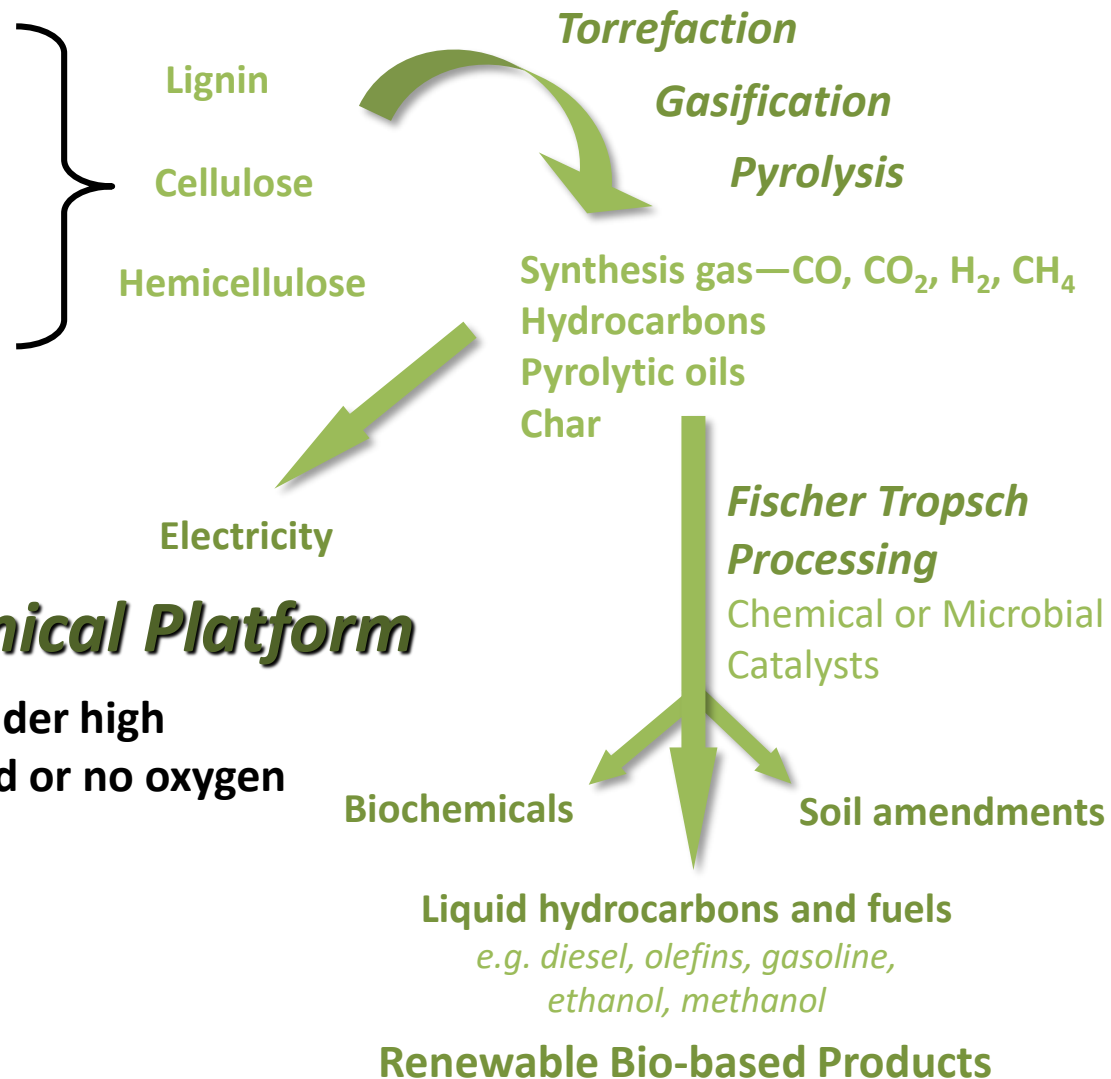


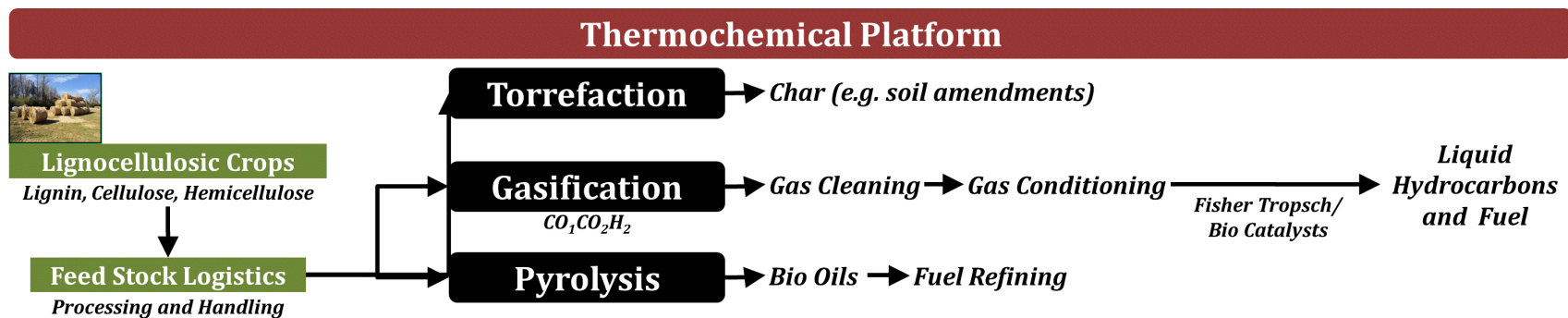
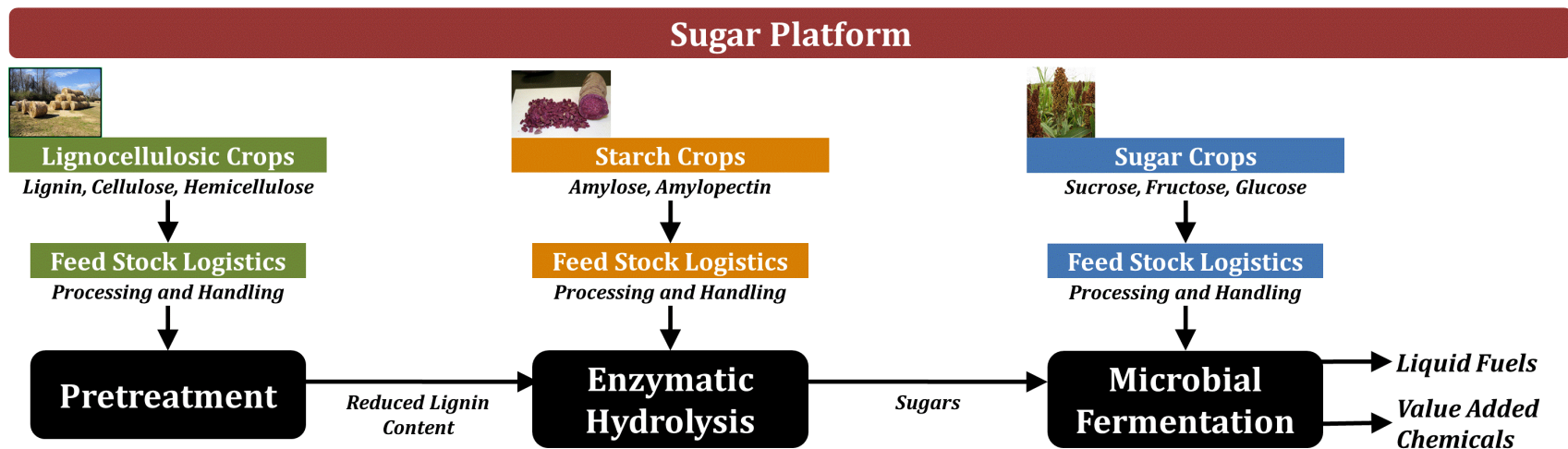
# Lignocellulose Conversion Process



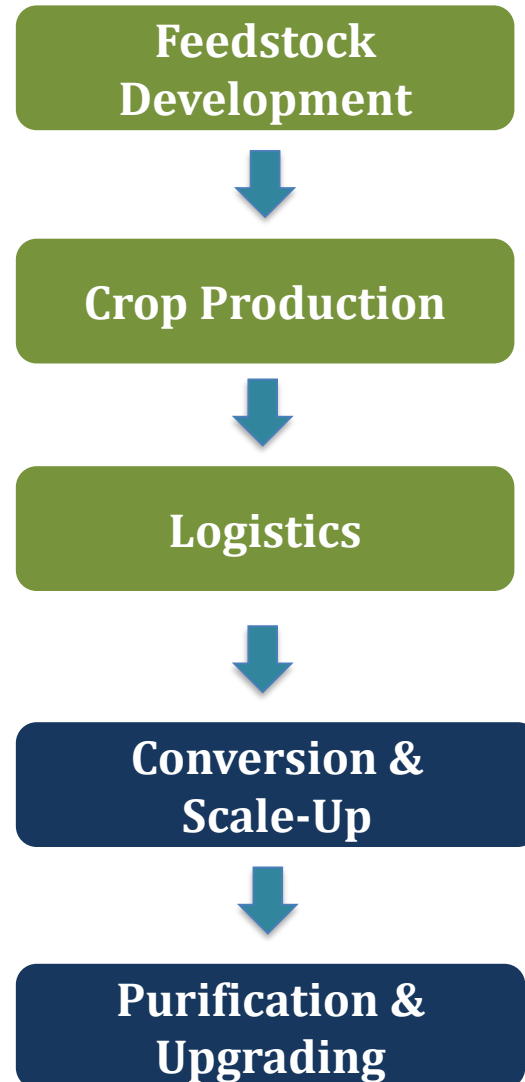


# Lignocellulose Conversion Process





# Supply Chain Development & Integration



# Feedstock Development & Crop Production

- ✓ Conversion characteristics
- ✓ Yield
- ✓ Water and nutrients
- ✓ Pests and disease
- ✓ Minimize inputs
- ✓ Develop know-how
- ✓ Diversification
  - ✓ Regionally appropriate



# Feedstock Logistics

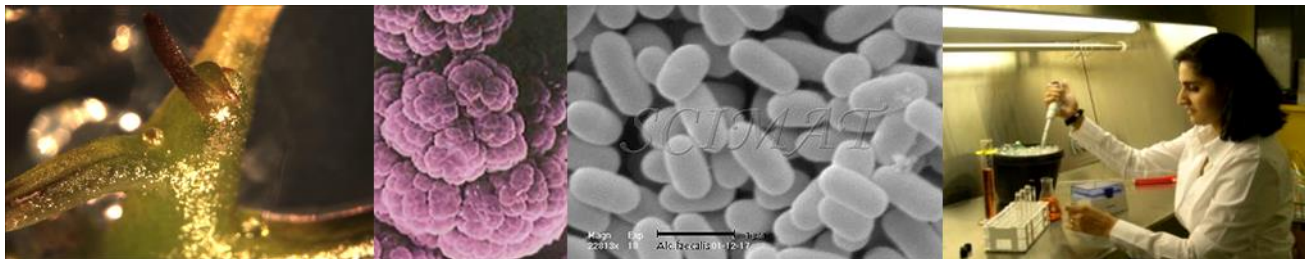
- ✓ Harvest and collection
- ✓ Preprocessing
- ✓ Storage and shelf-life
- ✓ Transportation





# Conversion & Purification

- Improve efficiency
  - lower cost
  - higher product yields
  - multiple feedstocks
  - reduce unit operations
- Innovation and refinement
- Complement biomanufacturing



# Herbaceous Energy Crops

## *Potential Energy Content*

Crop	Dry Yields (ton/ac)	Energy Content (million Btu/ac)	Energy Content (gal gasoline equiv./ac)
Biomass Sorghum Annual	7.5 – 14.8	120 – 236	996 – 1959
Miscanthus Perennial	7 – 13	112 – 208	930 – 1726
Switchgrass Perennial	4.7 – 8.4	74.4 – 134	618 – 1109

- Augment petroleum based fuels and chemicals
- Net energy ratios are different
  - composition
  - processing requirements
- Land availability and intermittent supply

# *What is the best crop for this field?*



- Supply & Demand
  - Farmer driven
  - Biorefinery driven
- Transitional Markets
  - Intermediate
  - Value-added
- Incentives
  - Starting directions
  - Price points
- Biomass Readiness
  - Integrated R&D